Intent and Design – What are we trying to achieve?

Implementation and Organisation – How will we arrange our learning?

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| School and Class Environment | Routines | Lessons | Ethos | School events | Learning outside the classroom |

Lessons are planned to challenge pupils both academically and developmentally

Children are taught in a vocabulary rich environment. This exposure to new vocabulary and discussion around ‘new words’ will enable pupils to become more effective communicators and develop greater understanding of challenging texts.

Progressive knowledge and skills reinforced and applied across the broad curriculum

Work written and recorded in English must reflect and reinforce the key skills taught through a progressive curriculum

Fluent and expressive reading for understanding and enjoyment

Clear Reading, Writing and GPAS Cycles.

Using a variety of stimuli to engage learners: novel-based approach, picture books, short video extracts and current local and global issues.

Exciting cross-curricular links learning supported by a rich and diverse array of texts and activities.

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| Skills Progressions | R | Y1/2 | | Y3/4 | Y5/6 |  |
| Spoken Language | | | | |
| Word Reading | | | | |
| Reading Comprehension | | | | |
| Writing –transcription | | | | |
| Writing- composition | | | | |
|  | | Writing- vocabulary, grammar and punctuation | | |

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| Spoken Language | | | |
| YR | Y1/2 | Y3/4 | Y5/6 |
| Listening and attention and Understanding:  Listen attentively and respond to what they hear with relevant questions, comments and actions when being read to and during whole class discussions and small group interactions;  Make comments about what they have heard and ask questions to clarify their understanding;  Hold conversation when engaged in back-and-forth exchanges with their teacher and peers.  Speaking:  Participate in small group, class and one-to-one discussions, offering their own ideas, using recently introduced vocabulary;  Offer explanations for why things might happen, making use of recently introduced vocabulary from stories, non-fiction, rhymes and poems when appropriate;  Express their ideas and feelings about their experiences using full sentences, including use of past, present and future tenses and making use of conjunctions, with modelling and support from their teacher. | Pupils are taught to:   * listen to and respond appropriately to adults are their peers * ask relevant questions to extend their understanding and knowledge * use relevant strategies to build their vocabulary * articulate and justify answers, arguments and opinions * give well-structured descriptions, explanations and narratives for different purposes, including for expressing feelings * maintain attention and participate actively in collaborative conversations, staying on topic and initiating and responding to comments * use spoken language to develop understanding through speculating, hypothesising, imagining and exploring ideas * speak audibly and fluently with an increasing command of Standard English * participate in discussions, presentations, performances, role play, improvisations and debates * gain, maintain and monitor the interest of the listener(s) * consider and evaluate different viewpoints, attending to and building on the contributions of others * select and use appropriate registers for effective communication | | |

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| Word Reading  Pupils should be taught to: | |
| YR | **Word Reading:**     * **Say a sound for each letter in the alphabet and at least 10 digraphs;** * **Read words consistent with their phonic knowledge by sound-blending;**   **Read aloud simple sentences and books that are consistent with their phonic knowledge, including some common exception words.** |
| Y1 | * **apply phonic knowledge and skills as the route to decode words** * **respond speedily with the correct sound graphemes (letters or groups of words) for all 40+ phonemes, including, where applicable, alternative sounds for graphemes** * **read accurately by blending sounds in unfamiliar words containing GPCs that have been taught** * **read common exception words, noting unusual correspondences between spelling and sound and where these occur in the word** * **read words containing taught GPCs and –s, -es, -ing, -ed, -er and –est endings** * **read other words of more than one syllable that contain taught GPCs** * **read words with contractions and understand that the apostrophe represents the omitted letter(s)** * **read aloud accurately books that are consistent with their developing phonic knowledge and that do not require them to use other strategies to work out words** * **re-read these books to build up their fluency and confidence in word reading** |
| Y2 | * **continue to apply phonic knowledge and skills are the route to decode words until automatic decoding has become embedded and reading is fluent** * **read accurately by blending sounds in words that contain the graphemes taught so far, especially recognising alternative sounds for graphemes** * **read accurately words of two or more syllables that contain the same graphemes as above** * **read words containing common suffixes** * **read further common exception words, noting unusual correspondences between spelling and sound and where these occur in the word** * **read most words quickly and accurately, without overt sounding and blending, when they have been frequently encountered** |
| Y3/4 | * **apply their growing knowledge of root words, prefixes and suffixes (etymology and morphology) as listed in English Appendix 1 of the framework, both to read aloud and to understand the meaning of new words they meet** * **read further exception words, noting the unusual correspondences between spelling and sound, and where these occur in the word** |
| Y5/6 | * **apply their growing knowledge of root words, prefixes and suffixes (morphology and etymology), as listed in English Appendix 1, both to read aloud and understand the meaning of words that they meet.** |

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| Reading Comprehension  Pupils should be taught to: | |
| YR | **Comprehension:**     * **Demonstrate understanding of what has been read to them by retelling stories and narratives using their own words and recently introduced vocabulary;** * **Anticipate – where appropriate – key events in stories;** * **Use and understand recently introduced vocabulary during discussions about stories, non-fiction, rhymes and poems and during role-play.** |
| Y1 | * **develop pleasure for reading, motivation to read, vocabulary and understanding by:** * **listen to and discussing a wide range of poems, stories and non-fiction at a level beyond that at which they can read independently** * **being encouraged to link what they read or hear read to their own experiences** * **becoming very familiar with key stories, fairy stories and traditional tales, retelling them and considering their particular characteristics** * **recognising and joining in with predictable phrases** * **learning to appreciate rhymes and poems, and to recite some by heart** * **discussing word meanings, linking new meanings to those already known** * **understand both the books they can read accurately and fluently and those they listen to by:** * **drawing on what they already know or on background information and vocabulary provided by the teacher** * **checking that the text makes sense to them as they read and correcting inaccurate reading** * **discussing the significance of the title and events** * **making inference on the basis of what is being said and done** * **predicting what might happen on the basis of what has been read so far** * **participate in discussion about what is read to them, taking turns and listening to what others say** * **explain clearly their understanding of what is read to them.** |
| Y2 | * **develop pleasure in reading, motivation to read, vocabulary an understanding by:** * **listening to, discussing and expressing views about a wide range of contemporary and classic poetry, stories and non-fiction at a level beyond that are which they can read independently** * **discuss the sequence of events I books and how items of information are related** * **becoming introduced to non-fiction books that are structured in different ways** * **recognising simple recurring literacy language in stories and poetry** * **discussing their favourite words and phrases** * **continuing to build up a repertoire of poems learnt by heart, appreciating these and reciting some, with appropriate intonation to make the meaning clear** * **understand both the books they can read accurately and fluently and those that they listen to by:** * **drawing on what they already know or on background information and vocabulary provided by the teacher** * **checking that the text makes sense to them as they read and correcting inaccurate reading** * **making inferences on the basis of what is being said and done** * **answering and asking questions** * **predicting what might happen on the basis of what has been read so far** * **participate in discussion about books, poems and other works that are read to them and those that they can read for themselves, taking turns and listening to what others say** |
| Y3/4 | * **develop positive attitudes to reading and understanding of what they read by:** * **listening to and discussing a wide range of fiction, poetry, plays, non-fictions and reference books or textbooks** * **reading books that are structured in different ways and reading for a range of purposes** * **using dictionaries to check the meaning of words that they have read** * **increasing their familiarity with a wide range of books, including fairy stories, myths and legends, and retelling some of these orally** * **identifying themes and conventions in a wide range of books** * **preparing poems and play scripts to read aloud and to perform, showing understanding through intonation, tone, volume and action** * **discussing words and phrases that capture the reader’s interest and imagination** * **recognising some different forms of poetry** * **understand what they read, in books they can read independently, by:** * **checking that the text makes sense to them, discussing their understanding and explaining the meaning of words in context** * **asking questions to improve their understanding of a text** * **drawing inferences such as inferring characters’ feelings, thoughts and motives from their actions, and justifying inferences with evidence** * **predicting what might happen from details stated and implied** * **identifying main ideas drawn from more than one paragraph and summarising these** * **identifying how language, structure, and presentation contribute to meaning** * **retrieve and record information from non-fiction** * **participate in discussion about both books that are read to them and those they can read for themselves, taking turns to listening to what others say** |
| Y5/6 | * **maintain positive attitudes to reading and understanding what they read by:** * **continuing to read and discuss an increasingly wide range of fiction, poetry, plays, non-fiction and reference books or textbooks** * **reading books that are structured in different ways and reading for a range of purposes** * **increasing their familiarity with a wide range of books, including myths, legends and traditional stories, modern fiction, fiction from our literary heritage, and books from other cultures and traditions** * **recommending books that they have read to their peers, giving reasons for their choices** * **identifying and discussing themes and conventions in and across a wide range of writing** * **making comparisons within and across books** * **learning a wider range of poetry by heart** * **preparing poems and plays to read aloud and to perform, showing understanding through intonation, tone and volume so that the meaning is clear to an audience** * **understand what they read by:** * **checking that the book makes sense to them, discussing their understanding and exploring the meaning of words in context** * **asking questions to improve their understanding** * **drawing inferences such as inferring characters’ feelings, thoughts and motives from their actions, and justifying inferences with evidence** * **predicting what might happen from details stated and implied** * **summarising the main ideas drawn from more than one paragraph, identifying key details that support the main ideas** * **identifying how language, structure and presentation contribute to meaning** * **discuss and evaluate how authors use language, including figurative language, considering the impact on the reader** * **distinguish between statements of fact and opinion** * **retrieve, record and present information from non-fiction** * **participate in discussions about the books that are read to them and those they can read for themselves, building on their own and others’ ideas and challenges views courteously** * **explain and discuss their understanding of what they have read, including through formal presentations and debates, maintaining a focus on the topic and using notes where necessary** * **provide reasoned justifications for their views** |

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| Writing- transcription  Pupils should be taught to: | |
| YR | **Writing:**     * **Write recognisable letters, most of which are correctly formed;** * **Spell words by identifying sounds in them and representing the sounds with a letter or letters;**   **Write simple phrases and sentences that can be read by other** |
| Y1 | **Spellings (see Appenix 1 of the English Framework)**   * **spell words containing each of the 40+ phonemes already taught** * **spell common exception words** * **spell the days of the week** * **name the letters of the alphabet in order** * **use letter names to distinguish between alternative spellings of the same sound** * **add prefixes and suffixes:** * **using the spelling rule for adding –s or –es as the plural marker for nouns and the third person singular plural for verbs** * **using the prefix un-** * **using –ing, -ed, -er and –est where no change is needed in the spelling of root words** * **write from memory simple sentences dictated by the teacher that include words using the GPCs and common exception words taught so far**   **Handwriting**   * **sit correctly at a table, holding a pencil comfortably and correctly** * **begin to form lower-case letters in the correct direction, starting and finishing in the right place** * **form capital letters** * **form digits 0-9** * **understand which letters belong to which handwriting ‘families’ and to practise these** |
| Y2 | **Spellings (see Appendix 1 of the English Framework)**  **spell by:**   * **segmenting spoken words into phonemes and representing these by graphemes, spelling many correctly** * **learning new ways of spelling phonemes for which one or more spellings are already known, and learn some words with each spelling, including a few common homophones** * **learning to spell common exception words** * **learning to spell more words with contracted forms** * **learning the possessive apostrophe (singular)** * **distinguishing between homophones and near-homophones** * **add suffixes to spell longer words, including –ment, -ness, -ful, -less, -ly** * **apply spelling rules and guidance, as listed in English Appendix 1** * **write from memory simple sentences dictated by the teacher that include words using the GPCs, common exception words and punctuation taught so far**   **Handwriting**   * **form lower-case letters of the correct size relative to one another** * **start using some of the diagonal and horizontal strokes needed to join letters and understand which letters, when adjacent to one another, are best left unjoined** * **write capital letters and digits of the correct size, orientation and relationship to one another and to lower case letters** * **use spacing between words that reflects the size of letters** |
| Y 3/4 | **Spellings (See English Appendix 1)**   * **use further prefixes and suffixes and understand how to add them** * **spell further homophones** * **spell words that are often misspelt** * **place the possessive apostrophe accurately in words with regular plurals and in words with irregular plurals** * **use the first two or three letters of a word to check its spelling in a dictionary** * **write from memory simple sentences, dictated by the teacher, that include words and punctuation taught so far**   **Handwriting**   * **use the diagonal and horizontal strokes that are needed to join letters and understand which letters, when adjacent to one another, are best left unjoined** * **increase the legibility, consistency and quality of their handwriting** |
| Y 5/6 | **Spellings (see English Appendix 1)**   * **use further prefixes and suffixes and understand the guidance for adding them** * **spell some words with ‘silent’ letters** * **continue to distinguish between homophones and other words which are often confused** * **use knowledge of morphology and etymology in spelling and understand that the spelling of some words needs to be learnt specifically, as listed in English Appendix 1** * **use dictionaries to check the spelling and meaning of words** * **use the first three or four letters of a word to check spelling, meaning or both ofthese in a dictionary** * **use a thesaurus**   **Handwriting and presentation**   * **write legibly, fluently and with increasing speed by:** * **choosing which shape of a letter to use when given choices and deciding whether or not to join specific letters** * **choosing the writing implement that is best suited for a task** |

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| **Writing –composition**  **Pupils should be taught to:** | |
| **Y1** | **Write sentences by:**   * **saying out loud what they are going to write about** * **composing a sentence orally before writing it** * **sequencing sentences to form short narratives** * **re-reading what they have written to check that this makes sense** * **discuss what they have written about with the teacher and other pupils** * **read aloud their writing clearly enough to be heard by their peers and the teacher.** |
| **Y2** | **Develop positive attitudes towards stamina for writing by:**   * **writing narratives about personal experiences and those of others (real and fictional)** * **writing about real events** * **writing poetry** * **writing for different purposes**   **consider what they are going to write before beginning by:**   * **planning or saying out loud what they are going to write about** * **writing down ideas and/or key words, including new vocabulary** * **encapsulating what they want to say, sentence by sentence**   **make simple additions, revisions and corrections to their own work by:**   * **evaluating their writing with the teacher and other pupils** * **re-reading to check that their writing makes sense and that verbs indicate to indicate time are used correctly and consistently, including verbs in the continuous form** * **proof-reading to check for errors in spelling, grammar and punctuation**   **read aloud what they have written with appropriate intonation to make the meaning clear.** |
| **Y3 /4** | **Plan their writing by:**   * **discussing writing similar to that which they are planning to write in order to understand and learn its structure, vocabulary and grammar** * **discussing and recording ideas**   **draft and write by:**   * **composing and rehearsing sentences orally (including dialogue), progressively building a varied and rich vocabulary and an increasing range of sentence structures (English Appendix 2)** * **organising paragraphs around a theme** * **in narratives, creating settings, characters and plot** * **in non-narrative material, using simple organisational devices**   **evaluate and edit by:**   * **assessing the effectiveness of their own and others’ writing and suggesting improvements** * **proposing changes to grammar and vocabulary to improve consistency, including the accurate use of pronouns in sentences** * **proof-read for spelling and punctuation errors** * **read aloud their own writing, to a group or the whole class, using appropriate intonation and controlling the tone and volume so that the meaning is clear.** |
| **Y 5/6** | **Plan their writing by:**   * **identifying the audience for and purpose of the writing, selecting the appropriate form and using other similar writing as models for their own** * **noting and developing initial ideas, drawing on reading and research where necessary** * **in writing narratives, considering how authors have developed characters and settings in what pupils have read, listened to or seen performed**   **draft and write by:**   * **selecting appropriate grammar and vocabulary, understanding how such choices can change and enhance meaning** * **in narratives, describing settings, characters and atmosphere and integrating dialogue to convey character and advance the action** * **précising longer passages** * **using a wide range of devices to build cohesion within and across paragraphs** * **using further organisational and presentations devices to structure text and to guide the reader**   **evaluate and edit by:**   * **assessing the effectiveness of their own and others’ writing** * **proposing changes to vocabulary, grammar and punctuation to enhance effects and clarify meaning** * **ensuring the consistent and correct use of tense throughout a piece of writing** * **ensuring correct subject and verb agreement when using singular and plural, distinguishing between the language of speech and writing and choosing the appropriate register** * **proof-read for spelling and punctuation errors** |

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| **Writing-vocabulary, grammar and punctuation**  **Pupils should be taught to:** | |
| **Y1** | * **develop their understanding of the concepts set out in English Appendix 2 by:** * **leaving paces between words** * **joining words and clauses using and** * **beginning to punctuate sentences using capital letters and a full stop, question mark or exclamation mark** * **using a capital letter for names of people, places, the days of the week, and the personal pronoun ‘I’** * **learning the grammar for year 1 in English Appendix 2** * **use the grammatical terminology in English Appendix 2 in discussing their writing.** |
| **Y2** | **develop their understanding of the concepts set out in English Appendix 2 by:**   * **learning how to use both familiar and new punctuation correctly (see English Appendix 2), including full stops, capital letters, exclamation marks, question marks, commas for lists and apostrophes for contracted forms and the possessive (singular)**   **learn how to use:**   * **sentences with different forms: statement, question, exclamation, command** * **expanded noun phrases to describe and specify [for example, the blue butterfly]** * **the present and past tenses correctly and consistently including the progressive form** * **subordination (using when, if, that, or because) and co-ordination (using or, and, or but)** * **the grammar for year 2 in English Appendix 2** * **some features of written Standard English** * **use and understand the grammatical terminology in English Appendix 2 in discussing their writing.** |
| **Y3/4** | **develop their understanding of the concepts set out in English Appendix 2 by:**   * **extending the range of sentences with more than one clause by using a wider range of conjunctions, including when, if, because, although** * **using the present perfect form of verbs in contrast to the past tense** * **choosing nouns or pronouns appropriately for clarity and cohesion and to avoid repetition** * **using conjunctions, adverbs and prepositions to express time and cause** * **using fronted adverbials** * **learning the grammar for years 3 and 4 in English Appendix 2**   **indicate grammatical and other features by:**   * **using commas after fronted adverbials** * **indicating possession by using the possessive apostrophe with plural nouns** * **using and punctuating direct speech** * **use and understand the grammatical terminology in English Appendix 2 accurately and appropriately when discussing their writing and reading.** |
| **Y5/6** | **develop their understanding of the concepts set out in English Appendix 2 by:**   * **recognising vocabulary and structures that are appropriate for formal speech and writing, including subjunctive forms** * **using passive verbs to affect the presentation of information in a sentence** * **using the perfect form of verbs to mark relationships of time and cause** * **using expanded noun phrases to convey complicated information concisely** * **using modal verbs or adverbs to indicate degrees of possibility** * **using relative clauses beginning with who, which, where, when, whose, that or with an implied (i.e. omitted) relative pronoun** * **learning the grammar for years 5 and 6 in English Appendix 2**   **indicate grammatical and other features by:**   * **using commas to clarify meaning or avoid ambiguity in writing** * **using hyphens to avoid ambiguity** * **using brackets, dashes or commas to indicate parenthesis** * **using semi-colons, colons or dashes to mark boundaries between independent clauses** * **using a colon to introduce a list** * **punctuating bullet points consistently** * **use and understand the grammatical terminology in English Appendix 2 accurately and appropriately in discussing their writing and reading.** |

Impact – How well are we achieving our aims?

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| Teacher Assessment | Pupil Voice | Moderation |
| Work scrutiny | Parental surveys and feedback | Observations and Blinks |
| Data analysis | Progress of pupils across the curriculum | Staff Questionnaires |

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| Making great progress and have high standards of achievement and attainment | Have a lifelong love of reading and learning and be able to communicate clearly | Be respectful of themselves and demonstrate excellent behaviour |
| Be confident, positive and independent learners with high aspirations | Have mental wellbeing and make healthy lifestyle choices | Participate in the community and have excellent attendance |
| **know more and remember more** | | |

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| Work Sample Analysis: | What do our books show? |
| Lesson Observations: | How is the quality of teaching, learning and use of assessment in the lesson? How good is the questioning in the lesson? |
| Surveys: | What do parents and children say about this subject? |
| Interviews: | What do the children say about their learning in this subject?  What do the staff say about their learning in this subject? |
| Coaching and Mentoring: | Is there a need for coaching and mentoring in this subject? What support do colleagues need in this subject? |
| Training: | What training has taken place? What is the impact of any training given? |
| Leaning environment: | How does the learning environment support the learning in this subject area? |
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